Solve by factoring. Indicate if a root has a multiplicity other than one.

1) $2 x^{4}+16 x^{3}+32 x^{2}=0$
2) $8 x^{3}-4 x^{2}-50 x+25=0$
3) $2 x^{3}-10 x^{2}-100 x=0$
4) $x^{3}+3 x^{2}-4 x=12$
5) $9 x^{2}-16=0$
6) $3 x^{2}=-11 x-6$
7) $x^{3}-4 x^{2}+4 x-16=0$
8) $2 x^{5}+4 x^{4}=4 x^{3}+8 x^{2}$

Solve using the quadratic formula.
9) $x^{2}+6 x=8$
10) $3 x^{3}-4 x^{2}=8 x$

Write the polynomial in factored form given the zeros and multiplicity. State the degree of the polynomial.
11) $5,3,-6$
12) -2 multiplicity of $2,5,-9$
13) 6 is a triple root, -9
14) $9,8,-7,3$ multiplicity of 3

