

10.3 Parametric Equations and Calculus

Pg. 711 #'s 5-11 odd, 15 (1st pt. only), 29, 32, 45-47

5) $x=4t$ $y=3t-2$ $t=3$

$\frac{dx}{dt} = 4$ $\frac{dy}{dt} = 3$

$\frac{dx}{dy} = \frac{3}{4}$ slope: $\frac{3}{4}$

$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{d}{dt} \left[\frac{3}{4} \right]$

$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{0}{4} = 0$ concavity: N/A

7) $x=t+1$ $y=t^2+3t$ $t=-1$

$\frac{dx}{dt} = 1$ $\frac{dy}{dt} = 2t+3$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2t+3}{1} = 2t+3$ slope: $2(-1)+3=1$

$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{d}{dt} [2t+3]$

$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$ concavity: concave up

9) $x=4\cos\theta$ $y=4\sin\theta$ $\theta=\frac{\pi}{4}$

$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = -4\sin\theta$ $\frac{dy}{d\theta} = 4\cos\theta$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4\cos\theta}{-4\sin\theta} = -\cot\theta$ slope: $-\cot(\frac{\pi}{4}) = -1$

$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{d}{d\theta} [-\cot\theta]$

$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{\csc^2\theta}{-4\sin\theta}$

$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -\frac{1}{4}\csc^3\theta$ concavity: concave down

$-\frac{1}{4(\sin^3(\frac{\pi}{4}))}$
positive

11) $x=2+\sec\theta$ $y=1+2\tan\theta$ $\theta=\frac{\pi}{6}$

$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = \sec\theta\tan\theta$ $\frac{dy}{d\theta} = 2\sec^2\theta$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2\sec^2\theta}{\sec\theta\tan\theta} = \frac{2\sec\theta}{\tan\theta} = \frac{2(\frac{1}{\cos\theta})}{\sin\theta/\cos\theta} = \frac{2}{\sin\theta}$

$\frac{dy}{dx} = 2\csc\theta$ slope: $\frac{2}{\sin(\frac{\pi}{6})} = \frac{2}{1/2} = 4$

$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = \frac{d}{d\theta} [2\csc\theta] = \frac{-2\csc\theta\cot\theta}{\sec\theta\tan\theta} = \frac{-2\cos\theta\csc\theta}{\sin\theta\tan\theta}$

$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -2\cot^3\theta$ concavity: concave down

$-2(\cot^3(\frac{\pi}{6}))$
positive

$$15) x = 2 \cot \theta \quad y = 2 \sin^2 \theta \quad \left(-\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}, \frac{3}{2}\right)$$

$$y = 2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$x = 2 \cot \theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = 4 \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2 \sin^3 \left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) \cos \left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right)$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = 2 \sin^2 \theta$$

$$-\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = 2 \cot \theta$$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = -2 \csc^2 \theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^3 \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{3}{4} = \sin^2 \theta$$

$$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \cot \theta$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4 \sin \theta \cos \theta}{-2 \csc^2 \theta}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{8}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \sin \theta$$

$$\tan \theta = -\sqrt{3}$$

$$\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

$$\theta = \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -2 \sin^3 \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\boxed{y - \frac{3}{2} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{8} \left(x + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}\right)}$$

$$\theta = \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

$$29) x = 4 - t \quad y = t^2$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 2t$$

$$0 = 2t$$

$$t = 0$$

| | |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| Vertical tangent: | Horizontal tangent: |
| None | (4, 0) |

$$32) x = t^2 - t + 2$$

$$y = t^3 - 3t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 2t - 1$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 3t^2 - 3$$

$$0 = 2t - 1$$

$$0 = 3t^2 - 3$$

$$t = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$t = 1 \text{ and } t = -1$$

| | |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| Vertical tangent: | Horizontal tangent: |
| (1.75, -1.375) | (2, -2) and (4, 2) |

$$45) x = 3t + 5 \quad y = 7 - 2t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 3$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = -2$$

$$s = \int_{-1}^3 \sqrt{(3)^2 + (-2)^2} dt$$

$$\boxed{s = 14.422}$$

$$46) x = 6t^2 \quad y = 2t^3$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 12t \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = 6t^2$$

$$s = \int_1^4 \sqrt{(12t)^2 + (6t^2)^2} dt$$

$$\boxed{s = 156.525}$$

$$47) x = e^{-t} \cos t \quad y = e^{-t} \sin t$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = e^{-t}(-\sin t) + \cos t(-e^{-t})$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = e^{-t}(\cos t) + \sin t(-e^{-t})$$

$$s = \int_0^{\pi/2} \sqrt{\left(\frac{dx}{dt}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{dy}{dt}\right)^2} dt$$

$$\boxed{s = 1.120}$$