

5.2 Trig Integration

Pg. 334 #'s 31-40, 49, 55, 100

$$31) \int \cot \frac{\theta}{3} d\theta$$

$$u = \frac{\theta}{3}$$

$$du = \frac{1}{3} d\theta$$

$$3 \int \cot u du$$

$$3 du = d\theta$$

$$3 \ln |\sin u| + C$$

$$3 \ln \left| \sin \frac{\theta}{3} \right| + C$$

$$32) \int \tan 5\theta d\theta$$

$$u = 5\theta$$

$$du = 5 d\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \int \tan u du$$

$$\frac{1}{5} du = d\theta$$

$$-\frac{1}{5} \ln |\cos u| + C$$

$$-\frac{1}{5} \ln |\cos 5\theta| + C$$

$$33) \int \csc 2x dx$$

$$u = 2x$$

$$du = 2 dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \csc u du$$

$$\frac{1}{2} du = dx$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \ln |\csc u + \cot u| + C$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \ln |\csc 2x + \cot 2x| + C$$

$$34) \int \sec \frac{x}{2} dx$$

$$u = \frac{x}{2}$$

$$du = \frac{1}{2} dx$$

$$2 \int \sec u du$$

$$2 du = dx$$

$$2 \ln |\sec u + \tan u| + C$$

$$2 \ln \left| \sec \frac{x}{2} + \tan \frac{x}{2} \right| + C$$

$$35) \int (\cos 3\theta - 1) d\theta$$

$$u = 3\theta$$

$$du = 3 d\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \int \cos u du - \int d\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{3} du = d\theta$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \sin u - \theta + C$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \sin 3\theta - \theta + C$$

$$36) \int (2 - \tan \frac{\theta}{4}) d\theta$$

$$u = \frac{\theta}{4}$$

$$du = \frac{1}{4} d\theta$$

$$\int 2 d\theta - 4 \int \tan u du$$

$$4 du = d\theta$$

$$2\theta + 4 \ln |\cos u| + C$$

$$2\theta + 4 \ln \left| \cos \frac{\theta}{4} \right| + C$$

$$37) \int \frac{\cos t}{1 + \sin t} dt$$

$$u = 1 + \sin t$$

$$du = \cos t dt$$

$$\int \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$\ln |u| + C$$

$$\ln |1 + \sin t| + C$$

$$38) \int \frac{\csc^2 t}{\cot t} dt$$

$$u = \cot t$$

$$du = -\csc^2 t$$

$$-\int \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$-du = \csc^2 t$$

$$-\ln |u| + C$$

$$-\ln |\cot(t)| + C$$

$$39) \int \frac{\sec x \tan x}{\sec x - 1} dx$$

$$u = \sec x - 1$$

$$du = \sec x \tan x dx$$

$$\int \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$\ln |u| + C$$

$$\ln |\sec x - 1| + C$$

$$40) \int (\sec 2x + \tan 2x) dx \quad u=2x \quad du=2dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int (\sec u + \tan u) du \quad \frac{1}{2} du = dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \ln|\sec u + \tan u| - \frac{1}{2} \ln|\cos u| + C$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \ln|\sec 2x + \tan 2x| - \frac{1}{2} \ln|\cos 2x| + C$$

$$55) \int_1^2 \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{\theta - \sin \theta} d\theta$$

$$u = \theta - \sin \theta$$

$$du = (1 - \cos \theta) d\theta$$

$$u(2) = 2 - \sin 2$$

$$u(1) = 1 - \sin 1$$

$$\int_{1-\sin 1}^{2-\sin 2} \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$\ln|u| \Big|_{1-\sin 1}^{2-\sin 2}$$

$$\ln|2 - \sin 2| - \ln|1 - \sin 1|$$

$$49) \int_0^4 \frac{5}{3x+1} dx$$

$$u = 3x+1$$

$$du = 3dx$$

$$\frac{1}{3} du = dx$$

$$u(4) = 13$$

$$u(0) = 1$$

$$\frac{5}{3} \int_1^{13} \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$\frac{5}{3} \ln|u| \Big|_1^{13}$$

$$\frac{5}{3} \ln(13) - \frac{5}{3} \ln(1)$$

$$\frac{5}{3} \ln(13)$$

$$100) P = \frac{90000}{400 + 3x}$$

$$u = 400 + 3x$$

$$du = 3dx$$

$$\frac{1}{3} du = dx$$

$$u(50) = 550$$

$$u(40) = 520$$

$$\frac{1}{50-40} \cdot \frac{90000}{3} \int_{520}^{550} \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$\frac{1}{10} \cdot 30000 \ln|u| \Big|_{520}^{550}$$

$$3000 \ln|550| - 3000 \ln|520|$$

$$\approx \$168.27$$