

# 9.1 Sequences

Pg. 592 #'s 1-7 odd, 18, 19, 29-49 odd

1)  $a_n = 3^n$   
3, 9, 27, 81, 243

3)  $a_n = \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{2}\right)$   
1, 0, -1, 0, 1

5)  $a_n = (-1)^{n+1} \left(\frac{2}{n}\right)$   
2, -1,  $\frac{2}{3}$ ,  $-\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{2}{5}$

7)  $a_1 = 3$   $a_{k+1} = 2(a_k - 1)$   
3, 4, 6, 10, 18

18)  $\frac{n!}{(n+2)!}$   
 $\frac{n!}{(n+2)(n+1)n!}$   
 $\frac{1}{(n+2)(n+1)}$

19)  $\frac{(2n-1)!}{(2n+1)!}$   
 $\frac{(2n-1)!}{(2n+1)(2n)(2n-1)!}$   
 $\frac{1}{(2n+1)(2n)}$

29)  $a_n = \frac{5}{n+2}$   
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5}{n+2} = \frac{5}{\infty} = 0$   
the sequence converges to zero

31)  $a_n = (-1)^n \left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)$   
L'Hop  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n+1} = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$   
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{1} = 1$   
Oscillates between -1 and 1, diverges

33)  $a_n = \frac{10n^2 + 3n + 7}{2n^2 - 6}$   
L'Hop  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{10n^2 + 3n + 7}{2n^2 - 6} = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$   
L'Hop  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{20n + 3}{4n} = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$   
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{20}{4} = 5$   
the sequence converges to 5

35)  $a_n = \frac{\ln(n^3)}{2n}$

L'Hop  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\ln(n^3)}{2n} = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$   
 $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{n^3}(3n^2)}{2} = \frac{\frac{3}{n}}{2} = \frac{3}{2n} = \frac{3}{\infty} = 0$

the sequence converges to zero

37)  $a_n = \frac{(n+1)!}{n!}$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)!}{n!} = \frac{(n+1)n!}{n!} = n+1 = \infty$

the sequence diverges

$$39) a_n = \frac{n^p}{e^n}$$

$$\text{1st Hop } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^p}{e^n} = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$$

$$\text{2nd Hop } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{p n^{p-1}}{e^n} = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$$

$$\text{3rd Hop } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{p(p-1) n^{p-2}}{e^n} = \frac{\infty}{\infty}$$

.....

$$\text{pth Hop } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{p(p-1)(p-2)\dots(3)(2)(1) n^{p-p}}{e^n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{p! n^0}{e^n} = \frac{p!}{e^n} = \frac{\text{finite}}{\text{infinite}} = 0$$

the sequence converges to zero

$$41) a_n = 2^{1/n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2^{1/n} = 2^{1/\infty} = 2^0 = 1$$

the sequence converges to 1

$$43) a_n = \frac{\sin(n)}{n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin(n)}{n} = \frac{\# \text{ between } -1 \text{ and } 1}{\infty} = 0$$

the sequence converges

to zero

$$45) 2, 8, 14, 20$$

$$a_n = 6(n-1) + 2$$

$$47) -2, 1, 6, 13, 22$$

$$a_n = n^2 - 3$$

$$49) \frac{2}{3}, \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{5}, \frac{5}{6}$$

$$a_n = \frac{n+1}{n+2}$$